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April 11, 2016

Hon. John Mills Chairman, County Legislature 92 Franklin St., 4th Fl. Buffalo, NY 14202

Dear Chairman Mills,

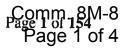
I am writing to you today to discuss an issue that has a profound impact on our local communities. Government-mandated apprenticeship programs have been put into place in a number of municipalities, and this is not a prudent decision. Generally, we are supportive of apprenticeship programs; however, they can be burdensome to smaller merit shop (non-union) local businesses when they are made mandatory by law.

Such programs require the investment of significant time and treasure, both things that merit shop small businesses find to be in limited supply. First, the development of an apprenticeship program proves to be a significant financial burden, costing tens of thousands of dollars per pupil; many businesses simply cannot pay for these state-registered programs, therefore leaving them at a disadvantage. Even if a small business were to afford the costs, they may not have the bandwidth to provide the thousands of hours required by the state Department of Labor to have a registered apprentice program, and hence not qualify to have one -this despite being otherwise qualified to bid municipal work. Incidentally, there are a growing number of small businesses owned by women or minorities, and a major portion of them are new to the career of construction business ownership in that area; they have a significantly less chance of qualifying for an apprenticeship program due to financial constraints and new existence.

As an alternative, many small businesses use the time tested custom of in-house training programs to train their workers. This approach has still been very effective, as the vast majority of the construction workforce has not utilized official apprenticeship programs. The apprenticeship programs do not guarantee a higher quality of work to be done by construction firms. Rather, the firms that have not developed state-registered apprenticeship programs have done quite well without them. In fact, businesses without apprenticeship programs account for an overwhelming majority of the construction workforce.

There is also a significant burden that an apprenticeship program mandate would place on local communities. As taxpayers, residents would shoulder higher costs for construction as competition is diminished because fewer contractors would qualify to bid work under such a mandate. This would have the negative affect of limiting already strained governmental resources to build and repair infrastructure.

There is no proof that a program for construction apprenticeship creates more efficient work than other forms of training. The bidding process should be based on the merit of the construction firms, not based on whether or not a business may have an apprenticeship program. It is free



competition and the protection of state competitive bidding laws that will help taxpayers get the best possible construction at the best possible price, safely.

I would greatly appreciate your time and consideration on this topic and if you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Very Truly Yours, Josh P Reno

Joshua Reap

Director of

Government

Affairs

ally, i upwa	Briad/Sampson President
nesse also	Regards,
in Hine	We look forward to working together with you to help keep these men and women working.
and	This is what we fight for, and we fight with a purpose. We are the voice of nearly 400 small business own- ers, and thousands of employees who support their families through their hard work.
empl empl nates fits by taxes	What our members are looking for is simple. We want to be able to build the best quality work safely and responsibly without government constantly getting in our way making this more difficult. Taxpayers deserve the best value at the best price, and businesses and employees all deserve a fair chance at work.
Ani calci by the Becc	Unrortunately, despite this growth, policies are still in place and being pushed forward that hinder free market policies and hurt taxpayers, businesses and workers. Some of these issues have been around a long time with officials reluctant to change: others are pushed by special interests with the intent of exclud- ing competition where they can't compete.
Prev of un lish loca the s still	A Message from President Brian Sampson The merit shop movement has grown exponentially both across the country and right here in New York State. Reasons for the growth are clear. Merit shop contractors have proven to be innovative, efficient and provide top quality work at a great value.
	About Associated Builders, Empire State Chapter ABC was founded in 1950 when seven contractors gathered in Baltimore, Md. to create an association based on the shared belief that construction projects should be awarded on merit to the most qualified and responsible low bidders. The Empire State Chapter of Associated Builders and Contractors serves close to 400 members throughout New York State from our central office in East Syracuse, and from branch offices in Alarry, Buffalo, Rochester and Long Island/ Metro NYC. We believe in fair, open competition and free market policies that are best for taxpayers, busi- nesses and workers alike.

# S tate Issues

Minimum Wage Annualization Scaffold Law Prevailing Wage Reform

## vailing Wage

r than that. Unions now represent only 24% of workforce and union membership is presently sing collective bargaining agreements to estab-wage rates. This system is likely invalid given ket wage due to New York State's flawed system railing wage rates in the state are up to twice the of spending their tax dollars at the same time nomy, fix crumbling infrastructure and do a better Yorkers want their government to jumpstart the tilizes union collective bargaining agreements. late's construction workforce, yet New York State law requires the agreements to cover 30% of a

#### iualization

employees to receive, benefits, without penalty eform that would allow contractors to provide, ause of these calculations, many contractors are te same method, resulting in excessive costs to ently, the New York State Department of Labor ving important benefits. We support Annualizaoyee's paycheck. This growing practice elimiffering the benefits as a cash supplement in the nating traditional benefit packages and, instead, actors already providing benefits to their workers ilations annualize both private and public benefits and the employer to more payments in payroll the double payment as previously offered beneand other burdens; all without the employee contractors, but exposes the employee to higher

# mum Wage

rds of 500,000 jobs across New York State add tremendous costs to construction, in industries across the board. It would aw York State would devastate small busi-\$15 minimum wage that is currently proposed t is estimated that this increase could cost and private, leading to less work. Addition-

## Scaffold Law

apportioned by a jury. in proportion to the actual fault ligence." Under this common-sense reform, liability is must be replaced with a standard of "comparative negcurrent standard of "absolute liability" isn't working and payers upwards of \$785 million dollars annually. The state that still keeps this law on the books, costing taxconstruction in New York State. New York is the only tively expensive and ultimately drives up the cost of to absolute liability, which makes insurance prohibi-This antiquated law exposes owners and contractors



#### DERA Retrofi

quirement is not working and cannot work practically of ultra-low sulfur diesel fuels; however, the retrofit recade later we are reaping positive results from the use exempt contractors working "on behalf of" the state. produce more emissions. The ABC supports efforts to those vehicles fitted with it consume more fuel and thus At the time it was praised as a positive step for the enthose operated by contractors on "behalf or" the state best available retrofit technology for diesel powered vironment and economic development. Nearly a deheavy duty vehicles that are owned by the state and The DERA statute requires, in part, the installation of The retrofit technology is proven to be very costly and





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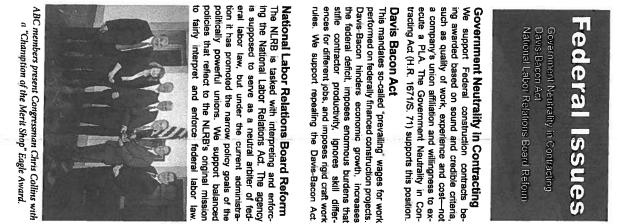
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# Project Labor Agreements These exclusionary agreements prevent open, fair

at the best price is selected for the work. one, where the contractor who offers the best value to taxpayers. We support a process open to everycompetition and drive up costs upwards of 18-30%



qualified contractor-sponsored programs from programs. These conditions not only deter prove merit shop joint-employer apprenticeship the state DOL has shown a reluctance to apof on-the-job training. Complicating the probunfairly utilize mandated apprenticeship protage in favor of union-only contractors. being established, they create an unfair advanticeship programs for many years, only just Labor had a moratorium on approving apprenlem further, the New York State Department of mandate also ignores the time-tested tradition grams to exclude qualified contractors. This interest groups have pushed municipalities to has become that taxpayer dependent special now accepting applications again. Additionally formal apprenticeship programs. The issue We support training and education --including Mandated Apprenticeship Programs





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